<u>Abstracts</u>(要 旨)

Bad Porn, Bad Philosophy: On the Analytic Feminist Philosophers' criticism of Pornography

Satoshi EGUCHI

Feminist criticism of pornography has a long history dating back to the 1970s. In the English-speaking world since the 2000s, there has been a growing interest in criticism from a philosophical standpoint called "analytic feminist philosophy" or "feminist analytic philosophy". It seems to me that this kind of "analytic philosophy" has serious flaws in their arguments and tends to ignore a series of empirical research. Philosophers should turn their eyes to such empirical studies, and rethink the framework of the pornography debate.

Keywords: pornography, social ontology, feminist philosophy

Impediments to the Use of Management Accounting in Public Organizations

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This paper aims to clarify how management accounting is introduced and utilized in public organizations. In local governments, New Public Management has been developed which introduces the management method of private companies into public organizations. Based on New Public Management, public accounting reforms, which incorporate the concept of accrual accounting and management methods such as measuring municipal activities, have been introduced.

However it has been pointed out academically and practically that the management system is not fully utilized in public organizations. Additionally, the attitude public organization possess towards public accounting has made clear through questionnaire survey.

In this study, we focused on management accounting within the management methods introduced to local governments, reviewed previous studies, and examined the factors that prevent management accounting from being utilized in local governments. As a result of the review, we found common obstacles in public organizations, such as the lack of association with the budget and comprehensive plan, and the lack of coordination between the department in charge of the budget and plan.

Key words: public organizations, local governments, New Public Management, management accounting

Opening up Legal Scholarship towards the Scientific System?

Akira SAITO

In 2012, a report Prospects of Legal Scholarship in Germany. Current Situation, Analyses, Recommendations was published by the German Science and Humanities Council. In this paper, I examine the method of German legal dogmatics (Rechtsdogmatik) on the one hand, the foundational subjects in legal scholarship on the other hand, in order to clarify the underlying concept of the report to open up legal scholarship towards the scientific system, other academic disciplines and the wider system of higher education and academic research. This report proposed to strengthen the foundational subjects, but I suppose it would face a dilemma of disintegrating the unity of the discipline of the legal science as a whole through the differentiation into sub-disciplines. To avoid this dilemma, the foundational subjects should always take the connection with legal dogmatics into consideration, although it may seem paradoxical at first glance.

Keywords: German Science and Humanities Council, Legal Dogmatics, Foundational Subjects, Interdisciplinarity, Intradisciplinarity

Attracting Industry to the Landfill in the Port of Osaka during the Taisho Era

Toshio ITO

The purpose of this study is mainly to clarify what kind of industry the city of Osaka planned to attract to the landfill in the coastal area for the development of the port of Osaka during the Taisho era. The city of Osaka made a plan to create industrial zones in the coastal areas in the wake of World War I, and especially tried to attract the shipbuilding industry. Rintaro Naoki, the director of the port department of the city of Osaka, also aimed to strengthen the port function by giving permission to use the landfill with an emphasis on the construction of docks for repairing ships. The city of Osaka planned to develop the port of Osaka and eventually the city by rents which were set flexibly to attract companies and promote their development.

Keywords: Industry Attraction, Industrial Zone, Port of Osaka

Cross-dressing and Gender Norms in Theatre An attempt to decipher from a queer perspective

Akeshi WATARI

In theater, attempts are often made to transcend gender boundaries, but their styles and methods vary depending on the era and social background. Gender boundaries in theater can be considered to have at least two dimensions. First, there is gender crossings at the cast level. This is the case when the gender of the original actor and the gender of the cast member are different. During the Elizabethan period, when actresses were forbidden to appear on the public stage, boy actors played female characters. Also, in Japan Kabuki (after Yaro Kabuki), adult men play female characters (female puppets). In Takarazuka Opera, a woman plays a male role. Then there's the narrative gender crossing within the play. This is the case when a female character dresses as a man for some reason, or a male character dresses as a woman. This paper examines the two dimensions of cross-dressing in theater, based on a few case studies, and how they have a queer fluctuation effect on gender norms.

Key words: cross-dressing, gender crossing, queer, theater

Inclusive Leadership: Literature Review and an Agenda for Future Research

Masaaki KITAMURA

The tight labor supply and globalization have led to an increase in the employment of women, older adults, and foreign workers, resulting in workplace diversity in Japan, which was earlier homogeneous. Consequently, there is a growing interest in inclusion, particularly inclusive leadership, which integrates diverse human resources. However, inclusive leadership is yet to be well-defined with established performance metrics, and researchers are working from individual perspectives without a common framework. This paper reviews previous research on inclusive leadership and identifies future research priorities. Future priorities include establishing a definition of inclusive leadership and developing a measurement scale. Additionally, it is important to clarify the differences from other leadership concepts, elucidate the mechanisms by which inclusive leadership produces positive and negative outcomes, and conduct empirical research on cultural differences in inclusive leadership.

Key words: Diversity, Inclusion, Inclusive Leadership