

Abstracts

The Various Subjects and the Co-operations of Environmental Education in SWEDEN

Hisako MAKIMURA

We studied the systems and co-operation work for various subjects from regional level to international level in Sweden. Botkyrka Commune has many environmental programs, the university education for teachers by co-operations with Stockholm University, “the moving natural school” by bus, the action of bio-waste recycle, the action at the forest for nursery school children. Volvo Cars Co. sponsors the Ocean yacht race, and offers some environmental education programs and dates to many schools in the world by Internet. The Keep Sweden Tidy foundation offers school ISO program by Green Flag system. Protelma Co. distributes the environmental education text books to many schools by enterprise in that region. The Natural Step (NPO) connects enterprises with students, and universities, communes by co-operation with enterprises.

Key word: environmental education, Sweden, co-operation, commune, NPO

The effects divorce on children — through case analyses

TANASE Kazuyo

In 2001 the divorce rate in Japan has reached more than double the level of 1972. This trend is predicted to continue unabated in the future. Nearly 40% of cases take place within 5 years into marriage and in about 80% the mother gains custody of all children. Although in some cases a parents' divorce may be a relief for children from a highly violent and conflict-ridden home, studies show that if adverse conditions coincide, children suffer from prolonged and severe psychological and physical effects—with outcomes being different for each sibling. In this paper the author shows through 4 case analyses how the different mediating factors before and after a divorce—the level of stress during marriage, the level of adaptation by the custodial parent, the age, sex and personality of the child, the relationship between the custodial and non-custodial parents, and the level of support—affect the trajectory each child of divorce takes. The analyses suggest that the responses of children to parents' divorce are not simple but complex and multi-layered.

Key words: divorce, well-being of children of divorce, custodial parent, non-custodial parent, visitation, conflict of royalty

Economics of the care: Family care and care service

Satoko SAKAZUME

Using models concerning family care of children, I analyze the influence of the wage of caretakers, the price of care service and the change of income of parents on family care. I assume in models as follows: children produce family care, and parents demand family care and care service. Then, children supply family care to parents, and parents transfer income (inheritance) to children. These models show that the influence of the variables mentioned above depend on elasticity of substitution between family care and care service.

Asian Migrants and Governance in Japan

Ryuhei HATSUSE

The aim of this paper is to analyse the governance of both immigration and residence, focusing on the unskilled labour force of Asian residents in Japan in the period from the 1980s to the present. In the first section we clarify the recent changes in the composition of those Asian residents. In the second we outline the situation of people who enter the country legally and engage in unskilled labour (or close to unskilled labour). Thirdly, in relation to the immigration control system, we analyse the situation of the entry and overstay of Asian residents in Japan. The fourth section is to examine the role of the domestic implementation of international human rights regimes and that of civil society in terms of protecting the rights of foreigners residing in Japan. Finally, in the conclusion, bringing together the argument as a whole and going over the important points, we seek to predict future trends.

成長期の異文化接触— Third Culture Kids 研究と 海外・ 帰国子女研究の比較

嘉納もも

現在アメリカを中心として展開されている「 Third Culture Kids (TCK) 研究」は、「 海外・ 帰国子女研究」同様、親の仕事のために海外への移動を余儀なくされた子供たちの体験をその対象として扱っている。TCK 研究は国際的なスケールでの人口移動が当たり 前となりつつある時代に、いち早くそのライフスタイルを体験していた家族（ 官僚、 軍人、 宣教師、 企業駐在員）と その中で育った子供たちの「 人格形成過程の特徴」を述べ、そこからより一般的な教訓を導き出そうとするものである。一方、海外・ 帰国子女研究は、一般の日本人生徒とは異なる文化的背景を獲得して戻ってくる子供たちへの対処がスタート 地点であったため、これまで日本社会全体にとっての「 教育・ 社会問題」としてそれらの子供たちの存在が扱われることが多かった。本稿ではこの二つの研究分野の主な成果、共通点、そして相違点について解説する。（キーワード： 異文化接触、「 サード・ カルチャー・ キッズ」、海外・ 帰国子女、人格形成、教育）

『 ユタ 日 報 』 と 第 二 次 世 界 大 戦 ： 社 会 学 的 一 考 察

東元春夫

この小論は、ユタ州における日系コミュニティおよび日本語新聞の社会・ 歴史的背景について総括し、次に第二次世界大戦中における在米日本語新聞の機能とマクルーハンの「 メディアはマッサージュである」という言説に関して検討する。その上でユタ州における日本人移民の全般的同化プロセスを吟味する。収集したデータおよび新聞の内容分析によると、戦争期の未曾有の状況に対する日系人の適応、戦後の復興、およびその後のアメリカの主流社会への同化が、かくスムーズかつ平和的に進化した背景にこれらの日本語新聞の存在があることが示唆された。

Gender and Law: A Preliminary Study on Feminist Jurisprudence in the United States

Satoshi EGUCHI, Keiko SAWA, Akira FUJIMOTO, Sawayo MOCHIZUKI, Kayo MINOMINO

As a first year report of the research project “Toward A Model of Gender Perspectives into Legal Professional Education: A Study on Current Legal Education and Its Agenda for Gender Equal Society,” this article addresses the following themes referring to “Feminist Jurisprudence: Taking Women Seriously” 2nd. First, critical race feminists’ critique and contribution to jurisprudence and feminist jurisprudence; second, controversy over affirmative action and historicity of the key concepts of equality and merit; third, feminists’ controversy over pornography, MacKinnon’s ordinance and its constitutionality; fourth, law’s intervention into intimate relationships and its justification of inequality inside and between the relationships; last, the state and care-takers’ inevitable economic dependency, and rethinking of equality in social security policy.

The Tumultuous 60s and the 20th Century American Culture

KASHIOKA Tomihide

The “tumult” that swept across the United States in the 1960’, as manifested in such movements as student upheavals, civil rights, feminism, counterculture, environmental protection, etc, seemingly marked a watershed that divided American history into B. C. (Before Crisis) and A. D. (After Destruction). But the debate as to whether that decade made America something fundamentally different from what it had been before, is far from concluded, though it seems certain that recent American culture and politics continue to be shaped by the legacy of the 60’s. As a first step in the effort to evaluate this legacy, this note tries to spell out different aspects of the tumultuous decade in the form of an annotated chronology.

On Contemporary Education (3)

Naoki KAMO

In the foregoing two essays, I surveyed broadly the educational conditions of contemporary Japan, citing and examining various controversial opinions of many scholars. In this essay, first, I will consider many factors which make it very difficult to bring up children in the present conditions of society. Second, I will consider the educational sociologist T. Kariya’s view concerning the relation between the educational system and the formation of stratified society in Japan.

“Design and Management of Kyoto Women’s University LAN and
Education Program of Informatics with Computers and Networks”

Yoshiyuki MIZUNO and Kensuke MIYASHITA

A comprehensive report is described on the design, construction and operation of KWIINS (Kyoto Women’s university Integrated Information Network System), and the informatics education programs thereby originated, conducted and managed for the last three years. A future prospect of education on the informatics at university levels is discussed. An interim account is described briefly of a VOD lecture-video database system prototyped on the Gigabit LAN of the University.
